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Endoscopic Minimally Invasive Surgery

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Endoscopic spine surgery is rapidly advancing as a minimally invasive option for treating various spinal conditions, offering benefits such as reduced postoperative complications and quicker recovery times. However, the development of clinical guidelines for these procedures faces significant challenges due to the lack of high-grade clinical evidence from randomized controlled trials, which are often impractical in surgical settings. The Video presents an analysis of procedures in endoscopic spine surgery, based on data from nearly 800 surgeons participating in 4 International Society for the Advancement of Spine Surgery webinars. Using the Rasch model, a statistical tool that converts qualitative data into measurable insights, this study identifies endoscopic procedures that appear to provide favorable clinical outcomes when performed by experienced surgeons. The analysis identifies high-value procedures, such as percutaneous interlaminar endoscopic decompression and transforaminal full-endoscopic interbody fusion, and provides a framework for integrating surgeon experience into the creation of dynamic, evidence-based clinical guidelines. The Video addresses the limitations of traditional randomized controlled trials, offering an alternative and potentially more practical basis for guiding surgeon training and enhancing patient care. The findings have implications for health care policy, resource allocation, and the ongoing development of

endoscopic spine surgery as a cornerstone of modern spine care.

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**Editor's Note:** For readers interested in learning more about the Rasch analysis studies and the authors' findings, view the IJSS special issue "Perspectives on High-Value Endoscopic Spine Surgery" at https://www.ijssurgery.com/content/18/S2.

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